GLOBAL SNAPSHOT October 2018



Profits at risk from slower economic growth and rising wage pressures













Highlights:

U.S.

Confident Fed

The Federal Open Market Committee raised its interest rate target to 2.0%-2.25% while continuing to suggest a further quarter-point increase in December and three more in 2019. Annual growth of hourly earnings rose to 2.9% in August, a nine-year high.

China

Further slowdown

Money and credit trends remained weak, suggesting that a shift toward policy easing since early 2018 has yet to gain traction. Official and private sector manufacturing purchasing managers' indices fell sharply in September, with export orders sliding further.

Japan

BoJ still dovish

The Bank of Japan (BoJ) strengthened its forward guidance, promising to maintain current low interest rates for an extended period. The economy was hit by natural disasters last quarter but a rebound is expected in late 2018.

Eurozone

Wages pick-up

Economic news continued to disappoint, but the European Central Bank pressed ahead with plans to halt securities purchases at year-end. Annual growth in compensation per employee rose to 2.3% in the second quarter, the highest since 2011.

UK

Inflation concern

The Monetary Policy Committee raised bank rate to 0.75%, citing inflationary risks from weak supply-side growth – estimated at only around 1.5% per annum. Consumer price inflation rebounded unexpectedly to 2.7% in August, a six-month high.

Emerging markets

Rising rates

Central banks in a number of emerging economies tightened policies, mainly in response to currency weakness. In addition to crisis-hit Argentina and Turkey, interest rates were raised in India, Russia, Indonesia, Philippines and the Czech Republic last quarter.

Trends to watch:

U.S.

Economic slowdown

Weak money trends suggest that economic prospects have deteriorated, probably reflecting Federal Reserve tightening, negative tariff effects and slowing global activity. Softer data could contribute to the Fed pausing its rate hike campaign in early 2019.

China

Capital outflows

Forecasters expect higher infrastructure spending and further monetary policy easing to cushion economic weakness. A pickup in capital outflows, as in 2015-16, could limit the authorities' room for maneuver, increasing the risk of a "hard landing."

Japan

Inflation firming

Consumer price inflation remains well below the 2% target but is raising again as a drag from earlier exchange rate strength fades. With labor shortages pushing up wage growth, the increase could be sustained – barring another yen surge.

Eurozone

Profits squeeze

Wage growth has picked up, but core consumer price inflation remains stuck at a low level, suggesting that firms' pricing power has been constrained by a slowing economy. Profit margin compression could depress business investment and hiring.

UK

Fiscal easing

Public sector borrowing is undershooting and the chancellor could signal a 2019 giveaway in his forthcoming budget – either to cushion a cllff-edge Brexit or in anticipation of a medium-term boost to tax receipts from a successful deal with the European Union.

Emerging markets

Inflation pickup

Consumer price inflation is under upward pressure from currency-driven import cost rises, with stronger dollar oil prices providing an additional stimulus. Inflation concerns could force central banks to step up policy tightening despite slowing economic momentum.

Key Market Data

Equity Market Returns for Q3 2018 (%)	Qtr Local Currency	YTD Local Currency	Qtr Sterling	YTD Sterling	Qtr Dollar	YTD Dollar
U.S. S&P 500	7.2	9.0	8.5	13.1	7.2	9.0
Japan: Topix	5.0	0.0	3.6	2.8	2.4	-0.8
Euro area: Euro Stoxx	0.4	-1.9	1.1	-1.5	-0.2	-5.1
FTSE All Share	-1.8	-2.2	-1.8	-2.2	-3.0	-5.7
MSCI Far East ex Japan (US\$)	-	-	-1.3	-4.4	-2.5	-7.8
MSCI Emerging Markets (US\$)	-	-	0.8	-6.2	-2.0	-9.5

Source: Thomson Reuters Datastream, Janus Henderson Investors, index price returns, as of September 30, 2018

Constituents:

Euro area: EU member states using euro currency (currently 19)

Asia: China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam

BRICs: Brazil, Russia, India, China

World: G10, Eastern Europe & Africa, Asia, Latin America, Middle East

Consensus GDP Growth Forecasts (%)	2018	2019	2020
U.S.	2.9	2.5	1.9
Japan	1.1	1.1	0.6
Euro area	2.0	1.8	1.7
UK	1.3	1.5	1.6
Asia ex Japan	6.1	5.9	5.7
BRICs	5.7	5.6	5.5
World	3.3	3.2	3.2

Source: Bloomberg, economic forecasts, as of September 30, 2018. Forecast GDP = real gross domestic product.

Bonds	Sep 30 2018 Yield	Qtr Return (%)	YTD Return (%)
U.S. 10-year Treasury	3.06	-2.24	-6.46
Japan 10-year government bonds	0.13	-0.81	-0.59
Germany 10-year Bund	0.47	-0.99	0.62
UK 10-year Gilts	1.48	-1.20	-2.11
Corporate bonds: (Barclays Global Aggregate Corporate Index \$)	-	-0.28	-4.36
High Yield: (Merrill Lynch Global High Yield \$)	-	2.01	0.48
Emerging market debt (JPM Global Emerging Markets Debt \$)	-	1.87	-3.46

Source: Thomson Reuters Datastream, Janus Henderson Investors, as of September 30, 2018

	Fo	Forecast P/E		Forecast EPS Growth	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	
World	16.0	14.6	15.8	9.8	
Developed	16.7	15.3	16.0	9.5	
Emerging markets	12.1	10.8	14.4	11.8	
UK	13.6	12.6	10.4	8.0	
U.S.	18.4	16.7	23.4	10.5	
Eurozone	14.2	12.9	6.2	10.1	
Japan	14.1	13.6	38.5	4.0	

Source: Thomson Reuters Datastream, Janus Henderson Investors' calculations, and IBES (Institutional Brokers' Estimates System) estimates for MSCI Indices as of September 30, 2018. Forecast P/E (price-to-earnings ratio), Forecast EPS (earnings per share).

Consensus Inflation Forecasts (CPI %)	2018	2019	2020
U.S.	2.5	2.3	2.3
Japan	1.0	1.1	1.5
Euro area	1.7	1.7	1.7
UK	2.4	2.1	2.0
Asia ex Japan	2.5	2.6	2.7
BRICs	2.7	2.9	2.9
World	3.3	3.2	3.2

Source: Bloomberg, economic forecasts, as of September 30, 2018. Forecast CPI = consumer price index.

Currencies and Commodities	Sep 30 2018	Qtr Change (%)	YTD Change (%)
Yen/\$	113.59	-	-
Yen/£	148.12	-	-
\$/£	1.30	-	-
Euro/\$	0.86	-	-
Euro/€	1.12	-	-
S&P GSCI Total Return Index \$	-	1.34	11.84
Brent oil (\$/barrel)	-	4.22	24.29
Gold bullion (\$/Troy oz)	-	-4.77	-8.59

Source: Thomson Reuters Datastream, Janus Henderson Investors, as of September 30, 2018

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